Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.] WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1809. [No. 2543.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
at the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation of prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

☞ COTTON.

300 bales PRIME UPLAND COTTON, for sale by the subscriber, at a very moderate price and on a liberal credit.

Joseph H. Mandeville.

June 1.

Just Published,
BY COTTOM AND STEWART,
And for sale at their Store,
(Price One Dollar)
The Exile of Erin.
A NOVEL.
By Mrs. *Plunkett*—late Miss Gunning.
January 6.

Cottom and Stewart
Have just published their
ALMANAC for 1809.
Containing a great deal of useful and entertaining matter. For sale by the thousand gross, or single one.

Elastic Three-slit Metallic Pens.
Price One Dollar—
Just received by ROBERT GRAY,
ALSO,
A general assortment of
Lee's Patent Family Medicines,
AND
Dr. Rogers' Vegitable Pulmonic Detergent.
March 17.

Just Received
FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,
A few copies of the works of
FISHER AMES,
Compiled by a number of his friends—to which are prefixed notices of his life and character. Price $ 3 50 in boards.
May 17.

FRESH FRUIT.
The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,
Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.
ALSO,
36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.
James Patton.
April 19.

ROBERT GRAY,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
The following new Songs
SET TO MUSIC:
The Lay of Love, written by J. L. Lewis, Esq. The music composed by Dr. J. Clarke. Price 25 cents.
The Home of my Heart, a Ballad, sung by Mr. Incledan, and composed by Mr. E. Phelps. Price 25 cents.
Twice Forward, a favorite Cotillion, adapted to the new song of No, no, no, it can't be so. Price 25 cents.
The Days that are gone, a Ballad, with an accompaniment for the piane forte, composed by Dr. Clarke. Price 37 1-2 cents.
On a beautiful Butterfly, burnt in a ball room. Price 12 1-2 cts.
June 6.

Joseph Mandeville,
CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,
Has Received,
100 half boxes Rousett's CIGARS, warranted of the very first quality and full contents.
Real Maccouba Snuff,
Kenippee do Course and Fine,
30 boxes fresh MUSTARD,
30 Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1s and 2d quality.
——HE HAS ALSO,
A General Assortment as usual, of good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCERIES, for sale
December 2.

For Freight or Charter

The British brig
SISTERS,
Thomas Thornton, Master;
Burthen 4000 barrels. For terms apply to
Hugh Smith.
July 13. d1w

Potomac Company.

THE Stockholders of the Potomac Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the said Company will be held according to law at the Union Tavern in Geo. Town on MONDAY the 7th day of August next, to whom will then be submitted the proceedings of the Board of Directors, with the Treasurer's account of receipts and disbursements since the last general meeting.

By order of the Board,
Jos. Carleton,
Treasurer of the Potomac Company.
Geo. Town, July 14. d3w

Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

THE Stockholders in this institution are hereby informed, that the President and Directors have declared a dividend of five pr. ct on that part of the capital stock now paid—which will be ready to be paid the stockholders or their legal representatives, in ten days from this date.

J. B. Nickolls, *Sec'ry.*
July 3.—[4.]

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,
A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to
John Longden.
May 13.

JAMES BACON
Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has
Recommenced the Grocery Business,
At his Store on King near Washington-street.
WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,
A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,
Warranted genuine, particularly his
TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,
Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.
May 7. dtf.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

To be sold, at public auction, at Northumberland court house, in the county of Northumberland, and state of Virginia, on TUESDAY, the fifth day of September next, at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon,
Five contiguous Plantations,
Amounting together to about 2700 Acres,
SITUATE on the river Potomac, and within about three miles of the court-house. These estates formerly belonged to *Presley Thornton*, Esq. and are the same on which he lived. They have never been seen by either of the subscribers; but it is understood, that about 1700 acres of them are as valuable low grounds as any on the river, and a considerable part thereof heavily timbered. The uplands consist of about 1000 acres, and the whole is well calculated for the production of corn, wheat, tobacco, timothy, and small grain of all kinds, in great abundance. The waters are said to abound with excellent fish, oysters, and wild fowl. The water carriage is easy and convenient to Norfolk, Baltimore, Alexandria, and the city of Washington; and as these estates possess several good mill seats, with an abundance of water, and a plentiful supply of timber, they must be very valuable.

The premises will be shewn to persons inclining to purchase, by Col. *James Moore*, who lives on them, or by *Samuel Blackwell*, Esq. who lives near to them; and the terms of payment may be known a sufficient time before the sale, by applying to either of them, or to the subscriber in the city of Philadelphia.

WM. LEWIS.
June .—(8) dts

For London—direct.

The substantial fast sailing Ship FAME, two hundred and sixty tons burthen, S. FITCH, master; will sail in 8 days. For passage only apply to the Captain on board, or
Charles I. Nourse.
George-Town, July 15—17. d1w

☞ PARTNERSHIP.

Having formed a PARTNERSHIP *with my brother* BENEDICT, *I beg leave to inform my* FRIENDS *and* CUSTOMERS, *that the*
DRY-GOOD BUSINESS
WILL IN FUTURE BE CARRIED ON UNDER THE FIRM OF
Benedict Brashears and Co.
At the corner of King and Royal-streets—where they have now, and will continue to keep *a good assortment of GOODS*, to be sold only for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

TRUEMAN BRASHEARS.
July 6.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. JOHN DULIN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.
June 9. dtf

PUBLIC SALE

PURSUANT to a decree of the honorable the United States Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, for the County of Alexandria, will be sold at public auction on Saturday the 22d day of July next, A LOT or half acre of ground, the property of the representatives of Bartholemew Dandridge deceased, situate on Cameron and Pitt streets in the town of Alexandria, and fronting the square of ground on which Mr. Caton's city hotel is situate. There is on the premises a commodious framed dwelling house and large carpenter's shop, of good oak materials, the ground is laid off into seven building lots, 4 on Cameron street, from 34 to 80 feet front, and running back 100 feet to a 15 feet alley, and three lots on Pitt street, 21 feet front, running back 108 feet to a 15 feet alley

The terms of sale will be—One fourth cash, & the residue payable in 3, 6 & 9 months. Negotiable notes with approved endorsers will be required. The sale to commence at the coffee house in Alexandria, at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon. A plat of the lots may be seen on application at the clerk's office.

Thomas Swann,
George Deneale,
Commissioners.
June 28. dts.

RUNAWAYS.

Runaway from the plantation of Mr. William Hay, near the Stone Bridge in Frederick County,
Two likely Mulatto Boys.

BILLY, the eldest, is between 15 and 16 years of age, a bright mulatto, well grown for his years, his hair black and lately cut in the fashion, slender made, but sprightly and active. CAMBDEN is a dark mulatto, his hair rather inclined to curl, and lately cut also in the same manner as Billy's; well set, and when walking has his eyes turned towards the ground, as if looking for something: about 14 years of age. A liberal reward will be paid for apprehending the said boys and securing them in any jail within this commonwealth, and giving information of the same to Mr. William Hay of Richmond, or the subscriber, living near the Stone Bridge, Frederick county.

John Hay.
July 4.

PRIME UPLAND COTTON.

NOW LANDING,
From on board the sloop Favorite Patsey, capt. Fessenden, from Charleston;
124 bales Upland Cotton, of
A VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY, selected solely for retailers.
ON HAND.
25 bales ditto:
All of which SHALL be sold on as eligible terms as can be purchased in market.

E. Gilman.
July 18. d3t lawtf

FOR SALE,
Or to be rented for a term of years, or on perpetual ground rent,
A number of well built brick houses, several of which are immediately tenantble, situate on Greenleaf's Point.
ALSO,
House Lots in a most every part of the city.
Apply to
James Greenleaf,
Or, in his absence, to
Samuel Elliot, jun.
Washington City, July 6—12. d3w

FOR SALE,
50 hogsheads SUGAR,
150 bags COFFEE,
10 hogsheads Antigua RUM,
40 bales best COTTON.
Joseph Riddle.
July 10. d

For Sale
BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
Best Bristol Porter Bottles,
In hampers containing one groce each.
Wm. Dunlap.
June 27.

TO MILLERS.

I HAVE invented a machine called a *Wheat Rubber*, for which I obtained a patent on the first day of this month. This machine may be seen in operation in the mill of Nathaniel Ellicott, Occoquan. Those millers who feel an interest in investigating its merit and have not an opportunity of visiting Occoquan, may be fully informed by application to Mr. Ellicott by letter. My *Wheat-Rubber*, I do verily believe is upon entire new principles, the cost of erecting it a trifle, the materils of which it is composed easily attainable in any part of our country, and the plan simple in the extreme: any workman of common capacity will be enabled to erect it from description only. Practical millers know, that in a great proportion of the wheat that comes to market (from the manner it is stacked in the fields by the farmers and exposed to the weather) a number of sprouted and unsound grains mingle with the mass, and has eluded the ingenuity of the miller to separate it from the sound grain—they also know those unsound grains injure materially the taste and color of flour—my machine not only frees the wheat of stone, onion, cockle, dirt, &c. but does absolutely take from it every unsound grain, from what cause soever it may have been injured, as my machine will not let any unsound wheat pass it—millers may have their screen wire much finer than hitherto used, and thereby save considerably—it will also be found that the grain in passing the rubber, is polished, and that even the eyes of the wheat is picked perfectly clean of dust or dirt. Some instances having occurred of certificates being obtained, saying much more in favor of a new invention than the public are willing to admit after trial—I hope it will be a sufficient apology for my taking a different course. My price for the privilege of using the rubber is fifty dollars for each prir of wheat stones the mill contains.

Letters direeted to me post paid shall be attended to.

James Deneale.
Dumfries, Va. July 10,——11. d2w1aw2m

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Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

From the London Lady's Monthly Museum.

MY HUSBAND.

Happy 27th of May!
Let me, on this joyous day,
Dedicate to thee my lay,
My Husband!

May no cares perplex thy mind;
Ever faithful, fond, and kind,
To the last thou shall me find,
My Husband!

Sickness may my bloom destroy;
Adversity may damp our joy;
Yet virtuous pleasures never cloy,
My Husband!

Blest with thee no ills I fear,
Let wealth and beauty disappear,
To this heart thou art most dear,
My Husband.

See our blooming offspring round,
While such joys as these abound,
Where can purer souls be found,
My Husband.

From the Persian.

TO AN INFANT.

On parent knees, a naked, new born child,
Weeping thou sat'st, while all around thee smil'd;
So live, that sinking in thy last long sleep,
Calm thou may'st smile, whilst all around thee weep.

EPIGRAMS.

"The glow which Cloe's cheeks possess
Is something more than Nature's dress;
Yet such her happy knack,
Although she paints, there's none can boast
Of knowing which she uses most,
Carmine or cogniac."

HOPES AND WISHES.

"Of every hope and wish possest,
You'd think that Ned was truly blest:
No Ned, of wealth and friends bereft,
Has nought but hopes and wishes left."

FROM THE N. Y. EVENING POST.

Interesting Official Papers.—The following notes, which passed between the courts of Vienna and Wirtemburgh, previous to the present rupture between Austria and France, have not appeared in any American newspaper before. They are rendered interesting, by the circumstance that they maintain the same doctrine with G. Britain on the point of expatriation, so loudly complained of by the democratic party headed by John Adams. It will be seen that his majesty of Wirtemberg, Bonaparte's vassal, contends, as Bonaparte himself has done before, and without any complaint from us, that every sovereign has a right to recall his subjects from foreign countries on the breaking out of a war, and to insist on their return on pain of death. I hope after this direct and positive evidence, it will no longer be insisted on that the king of Great Britain's last proclamation was good cause of war.

From the London Morning Chronicle.

Copy of the Note from Baron de CRUMPIPEN, Austrian Envoy, to the Minister of State Count de TAUBE.

Stutgard, March 29.

The undersigned has the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the note addressed to him by his excellency count de Taube, minister of state and for foreign affairs, and which he received at five o'clock this afternoon. He hastened, conformably to his excellency's wish to repeat to him in writing what he communicated verbally to him at nine o'clock this morning.

His majesty the king of Wirtemberg has thought proper to recal the subjects and under his sovereignty, without foreign power, and in annulling the permission and dispensations previously given to many of them, to prescribe to them a period of four weeks, reckoning from the 9th inst. within which they are not required to return to the states of his majesty, or to quit, at least, the hereditary states of his imperial and royal majesty, as well as the employments they may fill; the whole under a threat that in case of disobedience, their property, in his dominions, will be sequestrated and confiscated. With respect to the persons who are serving in the army of his imperial and royal majesty it is further signified, that such of them as may be taken with arms in their hands shall be considered and treated as rebels to their country. It is unnecessary to point out the general injustice of this measure, or how contrary it is to the law of nations, and to the manifold regards due to a foreign power. The applications of it last stated impresses on it the character of an open breach of peace with the court of Austria.

The undersigned minister plenipotentiary of his imperial and royal majesty has in consequence received orders from his court by an extraordinary courier to immediately demand from his majesty's minister for foreign affairs the necessary passports to enable him and the secretary to the embassy to return to Vienna.

In obeying these orders he requests his excellency to accept the assurances of his high consideration.

(Signed) CRUMPIPEN.

Copy of the Note addressed to Baron de CRUMPIPEN, Envoy of Austria, by the cabinet and state minister of his Wirtemberg majesty Count de TAUBE.

Stutgard, March 30.

The undersigned minister of state and for foreign affairs lost no time in informing the king, his master, of the verbal overtures and the note which M. the baron de Crumpipen transmitted to him by order of his court.

The contents of the letter could not but excite in his majesty the greatest astonishment and, in particular the motives of the declaration have occasioned no less surprise than just resentment.

Never till now was the right of sovereigns disputed to recal into their states subjects and vassals, and to require of them the performance of their first duty, that of serving their country. Never was any sovereign denied the right of prohibiting his subjects from bearing arms in foreign armies, nor that of seizing them as rebels and outlaws when found in arms against him.

If these incontestible rights, the first attributes of sovereignty, have never been called in question, his majesty, most assuredly, could not have expected that the execution of them would have been stigmatized as an act of injustice, a violation of the law of nations, and a rupture of the peace subsisting between the two powers.

His majesty the king can the less conceive how the recal of his subjects and vassals can be regarded by the imperial court of Austria in the manner above mentioned, inasmuch as this measure is not new, the last recal being only a repetition of the recals issued nearly 3 years ago, in consequence of the engagements contracted by the treaty of confederation, known to all Europe, and especially recognized by his imperial and royal majesty the emperor of Austria.

The undersigned, without entering further into the discussion whether the court of Vienna can think itself authorized to contest with the king his majesty, the exercise of any right of sovereignty whatsoever, and to describe it as contrary to the law of nations, must remark to M. the baron de Crumpipen, that according to the principles of the law of nations the sudden and unexpected recal of the Austrian mission to his majesty, and the order for its quitting Stutgard, without taking leave, and for demanding passports for its departure, cannot be otherwise regarded than as a *complete rupture* of all the diplomatic relations between the two courts and a *formal declaration of War.*

His majesty the king, without being aware of any motive that can have determined the cabinet of Vienna to suspend the amicable relations hitherto subsisting between him and his Austrian majesty, can nevertheless regard this step in no other light than as a manifest demonstration of hostile intentions against him. His majesty could not avoid communicating it to all the powers in amity and alliance with him.

The undersigned, in transmitting to his excellency the annexed passports, as demanded, has it in charge to inform him at the same time, that the king has just sent orders to his envoy extraordinary, count Beroldingen, to quit Vienna forthwith, in the same manner as the Austrian legation has quitted Stutgard. The undersigned renews, &c.

(Signed) TAUBE.

FROM THE BALANCE.

Brief notice of Mr. Adam's correspondence of May 29, 1809.

IT is singular to see Mr. Adams at this time so *sedulous* concerning his political character, after its *ashes* have been so many years in the urn, and he remained, only a silent, though no doubt, a *sincere mourner.* If there had been just cause, and he had attempted to snatch the brands from the fire, while they were yet burning, he assuredly would have been performing a natural and respectful duty to himself and family. But some are of opinion, that his *efforts* and *fawnings* round both the late and present administration, are more with a view to his son's *elevation*, than to his own *redemption*; but, be this as it may, it is clear, that if he had conceived that his character could have withstood the shock of Hamilton's pamphlet, he would immediately have pressed forward with his artillery into action, to obtain his *darling object—a re-election.* When Mr. Adams was beheld, *shrinking* from the pen of Hamilton, with all the fascinating considerations of four years presidency before him, and his character as a statesman on the wreck, what did it speak? What credit or applause, does he now, after the lapse of years, expect to gain by coming forward to combat our *departed hero?* Is it a mark of a *noble spirit*, of *honor*, or *valor*, to attempt to tarnish the memory of the illustrious dead?

Is it *humane*, or indicative of a *good heart*, to wound the feelings of the *widow* and her *fatherless children?* If such conduct will add a new varnish to the reputation of Mr. Adams, he need not '*doubt*' but he will have the full credit of it.

Mr. Adams makes assertions against the dead Mr. Hamilton, and refers to the dead Mr. Ames, and the dead Mr. Tracy, as evidence; he therefore clearly has made a '*dead set.*' The public, however, demand of him living witnesses, although his *persecution* is against the dead.

If the destination of providence had preserved the *pen* of Mr. Hamilton to this day, that of Mr. Adams would have remained silent and harmless (as to the subject under consideration) as though the same had never been plucked from the wing. Had he commenced hostilities upon the *celebrity* of the immortal Hamilton while he yet breathed the vital air, and could have *defended* himself, Mr. Adams would then have stood before the public very different from what he now does. But he takes advantage of a stroke of *mortality* as a parapet of protection and no doubt fondly anticipates the acquisition of a verdant twig to his decayed laurels.

Mr. Adams retrospects and toils through the mazes of science, to fasten reproach upon those, the bright effulgence of whose renown, has *eclipsed* him; let him go on, in his *vertical* career, it is his right, if he pleases, to forfeit the last and lowest vestige of title to that honorable fame which awaits the man who scorns to *temporise.*

I can now say, much in Mr. Adam's own style, that these remarks would never have been made, if he never had provoked them. His impeachment evidently carps upon Mr. Ames. Hamilton and Ames have left characters behind them, that are out of the reach of Mr. Adams. Their bodies have returned to their parent earth; but the lustre of their wide-spread fame will remain the admiration of ages, and be perpetuated by the annals of time and monumental glory.

FAUSTULUS.

OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE,

Between the ministers of France and Austria, prior to the commencement of hostilities.

[CONTINUED.]

NO. III.

Letter from Count Champagny to his excellency Csunt Mitternich.

THOULHOUSE, July 27, 1808.

Mr. Ambassador,

A particular affair has given me an opportunity to speak concisely to you respecting the warlike preparations of your government. But when every day gives them more reality and importance, it is my duty to explain myself to you in the most free but confidential manner, before the emperor can give orders to make an official communication to you in this respect. What does your government wish? Why does it disturb the peace of the continent? It not only arms, but takes those measures of extremity which extreme danger can only justify. Your princes run over your provinces, calling the people to the defence of the country—the whole male population between the ages of eighteen and forty five, are put under arms; a part of the militia is called to reinforce the active army; all is in motion in the Austrian monarchy. Your people, to whom you announce war, are in a state of consternation; your neighbors are alarmed at these preparations. Every where they say, what does Austria want? What enemy threatens her? What danger does she perceive? Why does she pretend to believe herself on the borders of destruction? and prepare herself to struggle as if her very existence was at stake? And you know that, far from menacing Austria, we have asked her only to remain in peace with us to unite with us against the common enemy and that we pretend to nothing which she possesses; that we prize to live in perfect peace with her. But you forsee, as well as I do, that the preparations of Austria noted by all Europe will have their consequences. Even now the emperor wishes to remain ignorant thereof; but in the meantime prudence prescribes to him measures of defence.

Charged particularly with the safety of the Rhenish confederation, he is warned to be on his guard; he will call out his contingent, and will himself march his troops from the interior towards the Rhine. On all sides we shall be under arms. In such a state of things a spark will suffice to produce a conflagration.

Does Austria seriously wish for war? What advantage does she hope from it? We are sure that she can expect no co-operation from Russia. She will derive but indifferent benefit, from England. She will be without an ally upon the continent. If she does not want war, why this excessive expence which wastes her finances, destroys her bankers and annihilates the credit of her paper money? Why impede the prosperity of the interior which is just reviving? Why give us any uneasiness, alarm Europe with the dread of a renewal of the war, and alienate from her the emperor who will be less disposed to let her co-operate in the arrangements of Europe? Surely, she will not reproach us, if we take a hostile and menacing attitude; it is a barrier that Austria will raise between France and herself, since France has given every proof of a desire to live with her in the most perfect harmony.

You, sir, value the preservation of that harmony, and you know that it is not less the object of my wishes. Do all you can, that our wishes may be gratified: enlighten your government as to our dispositions, which surely afford no cause for apprehensions; and as to the effects of those measures, which your government is advised to adopt. Those who advise you to adopt them are not your true friends: foes to the repose of Europe, they would plunge their country into a long train of evils. I hope that you will be able to prevent them.

I should esteem myself very happy should this letter, which I write to you with a freedom authorised by our particular relations, have the salutary effect of preserving between our governments that happy concord which their own interests, not less than the interests of Europe, and of humanity, prescribe.

Accept, &c.

P. S. Should you, sir, have any doubt of the truth of the facts stated in this letter I might appeal, not only to an immense number of the letters of our merchants which all convey apprehensions of seeing Austria engaged in war, but the official papers published by your government. For example, I refer you to the proclamation circulated at Trieste by the archduke John and the count de Saurau, in which it was said to the inhabitants of Trieste, that, although they were not bound by the laws, to enrol themselves in the militia, it was nevertheless their duty, as good subjects, to obey the call of their sovereign, when individual and public safety, as well as the tranquility of the hereditary states, required it; and this appeal was made in the same act in which they were called on to recollect the devotion and fidelity they had often exhibited on former occasions. The remainder of this article related to such measures for discipline and military exercises as a country invaded would prescribe to its inhabitants as the only means for their defence.

NO. IV.

Note from count de Metternich to count de Champagny.

"PARIS, *July 22, 1808.*

"The undersigned has received the note which his excellency the minister for foreign affairs, did him the honor to address to him and which was dated the 16th July.

"He hastened to transmit to his court the demand in favor of Mr. Young, lieutenant of the 2d regiment of Polish infantry. The fact, that (notwithstanding the regularity of the passports with which that officer was furnished, and which obtained for him admission into Gallicia without any difficulty) he was placed under arrest unfortunately proves to the undersigned that it must have been his personal conduct, which provoked the interference of the police against him. What that conduct was, the undersigned will without doubt hasten to get information of in order that he may be able to furnish to his excellency M. de Champagny every explanation relative to that affair. The interest which the court of France takes in the case of this individual, is such

in every respect that of his
, and apostolic majesty.
The complaints which appe
made in the duchy of W
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xportations from the Austri
can, if really some privat
experienced, only relate t
ve measures, which the u
no hesitate to declare to
to apply to all the country b
province, where such mea
been put into execution.
well the tenor of the instru
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prohibitions or obstacles,
d against no other countr
upied by the French troop
ernment of Gallicia, be
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pected in a moment of peace,
, that never could be imputed
n the flames of war raged o
t of our frontiers, and since t
fact have been pronounced
or Napoleon himself.
The court of Vienna is far f
the measures taken by Fra
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and harmony with its neighb
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ws and sentiments were those
which influenced all the auth
ple of that new state. But wi
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imperial, royal and apostol
l not cease to instruct the adm
his provinces, to behave tow
ghbors with the most exact in
there is no person employed,
on his side to take care to
tely into the views of his cou
ting its orders in a sense the
favor of places occupied
ops.
The undersigned, being equ
call the attention of his court
, embraces the occasion to te
ances, &c."

BOSTON, *July 5.*

Yesterday, the 34th Anniver
litical birth-day of the Amer
s celebrated throughout the U
In this metropolis the day was
nored—Its first moment was
the commencement of a federa
e Hundred guns from a park
the common. At sunrise, nu
es of 17 guns were given, fr
rts of the town and vicinity
ls rang peals. The salutes w
at noon and sunset.
At ten o'clock, his excellency
r, his honor the lieutenant gov
norable council, assembled in
amber, where they received a
ted the congratulations of th
epresentatives, and the other
il and military officers which
subsequent procession. A
s then formed in the following

Sheriff of Suffolk.
s excellency the Governor, wit
de-Camp.
His honor the Lieut. Gove
The hon. Council.
lon. Messrs. Adams, Paine a
Speaker of the H. of Represen
Chaplains.
Judges of the Supreme & Fed.
Attorney General, Solicitor G
and District Attorney.
District Marshal.
Judges of other Courts
Selectmen of Boston.
Orator of the Day.
fficers and Professors of the U
Clergy.
Officers of the National Depar
United States Officers.
Foreign Consuls.
Invited Strangers.
County and Town Office
Military Officers.
Citizens, &c.

At the moment this procession
nd federal salute of one hun
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His excellency the governor g
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nt in every respect that of his imperial, val, and apostolic majesty.

"The complaints which appear to have en made in the duchy of Warsaw, res- cting the great difficulty attending differ- exportations from the Austrian monar- y, can, if really some privatious have en experienced, only relate to adminis- tive measures, which the undersigned es not hesitate to declare to be general, d to apply to all the country bordering on province, where such measures may ve been put into execution. He knows well the tenor of the instructions giv- to all the chiefs of the province, to ad- it for a moment the possibility of par- al prohibitions or obstacles, being exer- sed against no other country but that ccupied by the French troops.——The overnment of Gallicia, besides, has een for too long a time tested, to be uspected in a moment of peace, of a partia- ty, that never could be imputed to it even hen the flames of war raged on the great art of our frontiers, and since the proofs of his fact have been pronounced by the em- eror Napoleon himself.

"The court of Vienna is far from forget- ng the measures taken by France, in the uchy of Warsaw for establishing tranquil- y and harmony with its neighbors; and it ere desirable, without doubt, that the same iews and sentiments were those, exclusive- y, which influenced all the authorities and eople of that new state. But without attri- uting more to those last than they deserve, is imperial, royal and apostolic majesty, ill not cease to instruct the administrations f his provinces, to behave towards all his eighbors with the most exact impartiality; nd there is no person employed, who ought ot on his side to take care to enter com- letely into the views of his court, in inter- reting its orders in a sense the most strict favor of places occupied by French roops.

"The undersigned, being equally eager o call the attention of his court to this sub- ect, embraces the occasion to tender the as- urances, &c."

BOSTON, *July 5.*

Yesterday, the 34th Anniversary of the olitical birth-day of the American nation as celebrated throughout the U. States.

In this metropolis the day was peculiarly onored—Its first moment was announced y the commencement of a federal salute of *One Hundred* guns from a park of artillery n the common. At sunrise, numerous sa- utes of 17 guns were given, from various arts of the town and vicinity; and the ells rang peals. The salutes were repeat- d at noon and sunset.

At ten o'clock, his excellency the gover- nor, his honor the lieutenant governor, and honorable council, assembled in the senate chamber, where they received and recipro- cated the congratulations of the senators, representatives, and the other civil, judi- cial and military officers which composed the subsequent procession. A procession was then formed in the following order:—

Sheriff of Suffolk.
His excellency the Governor, with his Aids-de-Camp.
His honor the Lieut. Governor.
The hon. Council.
Hon. Messrs. Adams, Paine and Gerry.
Speaker of the H. of Representatives.
Chaplains.
Judges of the Supreme & Fed. Courts.
Attorney General, Solicitor General, and District Attorney.
District Marshal.
Judges of other Courts.
Selectmen of Boston.
Orator of the Day.
Officers and Professors of the University.
Clergy.
Officers of the National Departments.
United States Officers.
Foreign Consuls.
Invited Strangers.
County and Town Officers.
Military Officers.
Citizens, &c.

At the moment this procession moved, a grand federal salute of one hundred guns was fired from the artillery, on the com- mon. It was escorted by the Inde- pendent Cadets, to the Old South Meeting House, where, after prayers, by the Rev. Dr. Lathrop, chaplain of the house, and se- veral appropriate hymns, an ORATION was pronounced by William Tudor, jun. Esq. which was received with repeated bursts of applause. We have not time to attempt an analysis of this excellent address.

The procession was then escorted to the council chamber, where a collation was provided.

His excellency the governor gave a din- ner to his honor the lieutenant governor, the hon. council, the selectmen, the hon. Messrs. Adams, Paine, and Gerry, the surviving delegates of Massachusetts, who signed the Declaration of Independence, the speaker of the house, the judges, the president of the university, and a number of the clergy, and various national, state, civil and military officers.

A democratic procession was formed at the state house, and moved to the meeting house in Broomfield's lane, where an ora- tion was delivered by William C. White, Esq. Afterwards a second procession was formed at the state house, in which beside other novelties, was a ship, fully rigged, armed and manned, and drawn on wheels by 13 white horses; from which salutes were fired when she stopped near the resi- dence of the governor at Charlestown bridge and at the arbor in Charlestown, under which the company dined.

Numerous companies dined together in this and the neighboring towns. The Cin- cinnati dined at the exchange coffee house, the dragoons at Ten Hills.

All the military corps in uniform, para- ded on the occasion. The independent ca- det's who did the commander in chief's es- cort duties, appeared with a new and full band of black music, in a superb Moorish dress. Their appearance was novel and rich. The light dragoons, under captain Whitelocke; the Winslow blues, fusileers, and Washington infantry went through a number of evo utions and escort duties. The day was fine, and the troops made an ex- cellent appearance.

At one o'clock a third grand federal sa- lute of one hundred guns, was fired on the common. These salutes were given under the direction of the federal committee of ar- rangements of the day; as were the illumi- nations of the coffee house; and the fire works in the evening—which consisted of numerous flights of rockets, bee-hives, and other pyretechnic exhibitions. The specta- tors were very numerous.

A collation was provided for the artil- lerists, whose duties during the day were arduous, and well executed.

The ships as usual displayed their colors; the shops and stores were all closed; and all business suspended during the day.

In the evening the dome and fronts of the Exchange coffee house, the theatre and cir- cus, were fancifully illuminated.

The federal republicans of Charlestown, celebrated the day with their usual festivity —And gen. Austin, we learn, gave a very spirited and truly patriotic oration.

—

As on the anniversary of American in- dependence last year, all our shipping were lying rotting at our wharves; the exhibition on the present anniversary, of a ship mov- ing gallantly through the streets must have been highly pleasing, as shewing the con- trast between the two years. Every thing demonstrated that the celebration of yester- day was the jubilee of trade and commerce restored, as well as independence.

NORFOLK, *July 14.*

Yesterday, between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock a man went into the counting house of a merchant of this place, under the pretext of making some frivolous enquiry. He was answered, and went out without any notice being taken of him, when a check on the Branch Bank of the United States, which had been on the desk, was miss- ed. The person in whose favor the check was drawn, immediately went to the bank to stop the payment, but too late, as it had been paid a few moments before. The teller re- membered the denomination of notes paid, and had no doubt of recognising the person to whom it was paid, if he could see him.— About this time, Palmer's Alexandria Pac- ket was under way, when a person from the shore hailed and desired to be taken on board.

He was told there was no room for him, but he replied that he would sleep upon deck or any where. The packet hove to, and he went on board: his anxiety to get on board and some other circumstances had led the passengers (who had heard of the circum- stance) to suspect this person of having stelen the check. These suspicions were confirmed by his pulling out a parcel of bank notes. They were taken from him, and upon being counted, proved to be 390 dollars, five short of the amount of the check which had been stolen. He was brought on shore, and the teller being sent for, instantly recognized him, and stated the different denomination of notes paid at the bank, which agreed with those taken from the accused. He was committed to jail for a further examination before the Hustings court; says his name is *Andrew Brydie*, and that he was lately from Phila- delphia; is a decent well looking young man about 21 years of age.

☞ Printing in its various branches executed with accuracy and dispatch.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19.

Those who arrogate to themselves the exclusive right of friends to the people, ex- hibit but indifferent proofs of friendship, when they first injure to an alarming extent the very people whom they profess to serve, and then cunningly attempt to conceal the injury from their sight. If good intentions and honest dealings animate and character- ise the conduct of our rulers, no deceptive mist need be thrown round their proposi- tions, no false coloring need be given to their plans, but acting in the sunshine of political rectitude, they should in a manly and open manner avow the measures and the object of those measures, which the pub- lic good required. The ruinous effects of the late embargo necessarily reached the treasury. The secretary of that depart- ment has officially declared that a sum not less than three millions of dollars will be wanted for the ensuing year. Something must be done. It was necessary to provide for the current expences of our government or its "wheels would be stopped." What has followed? A bill has been introduced into the House of Representatives autho- rizing the commissioners of the sinking fund to *borrow money* to *pay* off a part of the national debt. Why borrow money on that account? These commissioners can discharge by law, only eight millions of that debt during the year. This amount with that of 600,000 dollars for the civil list, have priority of claim. There is mo- ney enough (9 millions) in the treasury to pay them. The commissioners do not want it; but the government wants it; and the majority unwilling to acknowledge a pover- ty bro't on them by their own destructive measures, are desirous of hoodwinking the people, and imposing on them the belief, that the popular measures of paying off a part of the public debt alone induced them to authorize the loan. Artifice should be stripped of its power to delude, by the de- tecting scrutiny of truth: the disingenuous and unworthy devices of demagogues to keep themselves in authority, by deceiving the public, should be exposed in order to be discountenanced. They should under- stand the true causes of every new tax, which is imposed on them, and every loan which they must hereafter be taxed to pay for. *New-York Gazette.*

BY THE LAST MAIL.

NEW-YORK, *July 17.*

LATEST NEWS FROM LONDON.

The editor of the Mercan ile Advertiser re- ceived yesterday, from a valuable corres- pondent, the following extracts from Lon- don papers to the 20th of May.

HALIFAX, *June 29.*

The following paragraphs were extracted from London papers of the 20th ult. (May) received at Newfoundland by a brig 20 days from Greenock.

The German papers contain the 7th, 8th, and 9th Austrian Official Reports. These admit, that the French had, in general, the advantage, though not to the extent which their Bulletins hold out; and if credit can be given to the subsequent intelligence re- ceived by the way of Hamburg, the Arch- duke Charles has been eminently success- ful. He is stated after three days hard fighting, to have driven the enemy thirty miles back, and to have taken or destroyed upwards of 40,000 of their troops. In Ita- ly, the Archduke John is said to have gain- ed on the 15th and 16th ult. a decisive vic- tory over the French; who lost 8000 kil- led and 10,000 wounded and taken; 20 pieces of cannon and 3 eagles were taken. The Austrians lost 10,000 men, killed, wounded and prisoners.

"Jerome Bonaparte has issued a procla- mation, ordering the inhabitants of West- phalia, Hessia and Saxony, to be deprived of every offensive weapon—even of knives, forks, scythes, &c.

"In Spain, the cause of the patriots has assnmed a more favorable aspect than for some time past. The French are constant- ly marching off a part of their army for I- taly.

"The French in Oporto, it is beleived wish to surrender to the British; and from an intercepted letter from general Kellerman it appears that owing to the Austrian war, he considers the situation of the French, on the whole of the peninsula, as extremely critical—The French gen. Loison was kil- led in the streets of Oporto by some Portu- guese soldiers.

"*London, May* 18—A messenger with dis- patches to the Spanish deputies arrived in town this morning. On the 21st ult. it was publicly notified at Seville, that a division of the Spanish army had taken possession of Alicantara, which had been previously eva- cuated by the French.

"Warsaw the capital of Poland, upon the approach of the archduke Ferdinand has been evacuated by the French. The van of the Austrian army entered that city on the 19th ult.

"By an official dispatch from the Aus- trian gen. Tains, we learn that the inhabi- tants of the Tyrol, have, with the utmost enthusiasm risen in favor of Austria; and have defeated the Bavarian troops in seve- ral engagements. Two generals and about 12,000 Bavarians have been taken prison- ers."

Freight wanted to an Eastern Port

FOR THE

Sloop Washington,

Burthen about 800 barrels, is a new vessel, will be ready to receive a cargo in three days. Apply to

Lawrason and Fowle,

Who have just received and for sale,

10 *puncheons St. Croix Rum.*

July 19. eo6t

FOR BOSTON,

The fast sailing Schooner

RISING SUN,

ISAAC BEARS, MASTER;

Has good accommodations for passsengers. For freight or passage apply to

Faxon, Metcalf & Co.

Who have for sale, landing from said schooner

40 tons Plaister Paris.

July 19. 3t

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders in the Great Hunting Creek Bridge Co. are hereby notified, that an instalment of *Ten Dollars* on each share is called for and must be paid to the subscriber on or before the 5th day of August next.

By order of the President and Directors.

John Hooff, *Treasurer.*

July 19. dt5thAug

Imported from London,

VIA NORFOLK,

And for sale by the subscriber, at the store of R. VEITCH and CO.

FOR CASH OR APPROVED NEGOCIABLE NOTES,

A small selection of Superfine Broadcloths, Kerseymeres, Pelipe Cloths,—Cambrics,—Muslins.—Furniture Calicoes.—Worked Colored Counterpanes, &c.

ALSO,

One case of Watchmakers' Tools.

T. H. Jones.

July 19. d.

Land for Sale.

GREAT BARGAIN.

I will sell from about fifty to sixty acres of Land lying in this county, and binding upon the road now opening from Geo. Town to Alexandria. This land is elegantly situat- ed in point of building scites, and has the further advantage of being furnished with de- lightful water, and from its high elevated si- tuation the benefit of the most salubrious air. If necessary this property will be laid out in lots so as to suit those who may be inclined to purchase. Applications to be made to JOHN LUKE, Esq. or to

Charles Alexander,

(*Son of Philip.*)

Alexandria County, July 19. d

NOTICE.

On SATURDAY, the 22d instant, at four o'clock, P. M. will be LET *to the highest bid- der, for a term not exceeding five years:*

The DOCK at the east end of Prince-street, with the privilege of the wharf at the end, and on the south side of said dock—by order of the Common Council.

ROBERT ANDERSON,
ALEX. M'KENZIE,
THOMAS LAWRASON,
WILLIAM NEWTON,
Committee of Council.

July 13.

NOTICE.

THE property in the wharf at the south side of Prince-street, proposed to be let on the 22d instant by Robert Anderson, Alex- ander M'Kenzie, Thomas Lawrason & Wil- liam Newton, a committee of the common council, agreeable to the above advertise- ment, as far as the lot lately occupied b Elisha Janney, extends westwardly upon the said street, is hereby made known to b vested in the subscriber as trustee for the ditors of the said Janney—All persons are therefore forewarned from renting the same or any part thereof, in pursuance of the ad vertisement aforesaid.

Richard M. Scott, *Trustee.*

July 17. dt

HAMILTON's ELIXIR,
FOR COUGHS.

THE increasing reputation of Hamilton's Elixir, (which during the last *nine years* has become celebrated troughout the U. States,) warrants the assertion that it is the *best remedy* now in use for colds, obstinate coughs asthmas and approaching consumptions—— Experience has taught thousands, that the common opiates and balsamics, as they are called, finally aggravate every disorder of the breast and lungs, in themost distressing symptoms, that they load the stomach and impair the digestion, inflame the whole system, increase the difficulty of breathing and excite fever. But the qualities of this valuable discovery are evinced by perfectly opposite effects.

A *single trial will prove* that it restores the determination of the fluids to the surface of the body and brings on the common healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacuate the tough vicid phlegm or mucur, strengthsns the weakened vessels of the lungs sheathes the acrimonious liquor which irritates them and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder the symptoms are effectually and permanently conquered, the reverse of common medicine which weakens the constitution and gives strength to the disorder, or the sake of moderating for the present some of its painful effects.

To parents who have children afflicted with the hooping cough, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Select Recommendations.

Philadelphia, August 9, 1806.

Mrs. H. Lee, widow of Richard Lee, jr.

Being desirous to make public for the good of others the excellent quality of Hamilton's Elixir, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it; which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed with all the horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to these, a constant pain in my breast, and a cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptons evidently indicated an approaching consumption.—The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician, who knew me and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial, saying, he had used it in his practice, and always found it do much good. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's and I found relief before I had taken half of it. I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir,

GEO. BENNER, junior,
No. 11, Budd-street, Philadelphia.

Mr. Charles Myers, Hamstead-Hill, near Baltimore, had been a long time dangerously indisposed, and was reduced to the lowest state of weakness, insomuch that his recovery appeared extremely doubtful. His complaints which seemed to be affections of the breast and lungs, and general debility occasioned thereby, yielded little, but rather progressed under the treatment of several eminent physicians; when by the use of Hamilton's Elixir, his distressing cough was immediately alleviated, and every other symptom perfectly subdued. Four or five bottles entirely removed his complaints and restored him to an excellent state of health and strength, which he has for upwards of a ear past, enjoyed without interruption.

From Luther Martin, esq. late attorney general of Maryland.

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever coughs, colds, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, ac. companied with soreness, and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

ALSO,

Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges.

ITCH CURED

By one using Lee's Sovereign Ointment.

The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease against the infection of which no person in safe) that if this ointment is used at night so going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the nine last years cantesify. The peculiar excellency's of his infallible cure for the Itch, over every other and the certainty of a cure by a single application the ingredients being so innocent as to beapplied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant; and its being not only free from an offensive smell, but equally agreeable with the pleasantest pomatum.

The proprietor solemnly affirms that this ointment doth not contain a particle of brimstone, mercury, or any injurious ingredient whatever

HAHNS' TRUE AND GENUINE
GERMAN CORN PLAISTER,

An infallible remedy forCorns, spedily removing them root and branch without giving pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion,
The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.
Hahn's Genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation, &c for being the best known remedy for lancesing the stomach and bowels.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard,

For Rheumatism, Gout, Palsy, Swelling, Numbness, &c.

Tooth Ache Drops,

The only remedy yet discovered, which gives immediate and lasting relief, in the most severe instances.

The Anodyne Elixir,

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

The Damask Lip Salve.

☞ TAKE NOTICE.—That imitations of the above medicines are for sale in this town—therefore please to apply only to *Jas. Kennedy*, sen. Bookseller, King-street, Alexa. who has long been sole agent for the sale of the genuine preparations. As a further security against imposition, each genuine article has on its outside wrapper, the signature of

Hannah Lee,
Widow of the late Proprietor.

March 14.

New-England Rum.

Thirty barrels, for sale by
Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfaxstreets.
June 21.

Salt afloat.

4000 bushels fine SALT,
6000 do. Ground Allum do.
300 boxes PIPES,

With a general assortment of QUEENS WARE—received by the brig Sisters from Liverpool, and for sale by

Hugh Smith,
July 10. eo1w&2aw2w

SPANISH HIDES.

500 Spanish Hides,
1000 bush. Corn afloat.
1 hhd. of Jamaica Spirits, very old, and fine flavored,
For Sale by
Mordecai Miller.
July 6. 2aw2w

ORPHAN'S COURT,

Alexandria County, July Term, 1809.

ORDERED,

That the administratrix of JOHN SELLERS deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for two weeks in the *Alexandria Daily Gazette*.

Test.
ALEXANDER MOORE, *Reg.*

THIS *is to give notice* That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of JOHN SELLERS late of the county aforesaid, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 3d day of Jan. next or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 3d day of July, 1809.

SUSAN SELLERS,
admintstatrix of John Sellrrs.
July 4. 3taw2w

Offered for Rent,

The HOUSE on the corner of Pirnce and St. Asaph streets, lately occupied by Mr. Benjamin Rickets.

This property is in a good situation and the building very convenient, and has lately been put in excellent repair. Apply to *W. Smith*, Esquire, of Dumfries, or to

Robert Young.
June 29. co1t

FOR SALE,

Mrs. Law's FARM, *near this town.*

Terms, which will be very accommodating, made known by WALTER JONES Esq. inWashington.
May 30. co

FOR SALE,

Between 4 and 5000 lb. of COFFEE of a good quality.

—ALSO—

25 boxes HAVANNA SUGARS, on a liberal credit.

G. Coleman.
July 13. 6t

Bank of Alexandria,

JULY 3, 1809.

NOTICE *is hereby given* to the stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, that a dividend of three and a half per cent. on the capital stock of said Bank for the half year ending this day, is declared, and will be ready to be paid to them on Thursday the 6th instant.

By order of the President and Directors,
GURDEN CHAPIN, *Cashier.*
July 3—4 eo8w

New Publications,

FOR SALE
At COTTOM & STEWART's Bookstore.

CRANCH's Reports, 4 volumes.
Hening and Mumford's Reports.
Sugden's Law of Vendors and Purchasers of Estates.
East's Reports, volume 9.
Law's on Pleading.
American Pleader's Assistant.
Harrison's Chancery Reports.
Roberts on Frauds.
Woodward on Executive.
Hungarian Brothers, a novel, by Miss Porter.
Thaddeus of Warsaw, do. by Miss Porter.
Patriotic Sketches of Ireland, by Miss Owenson.
Georgics and Bees, by R Southeby.
Elizabeth, or Exiles of Siberia, by Mrs. Cottin.
Griffith Abbey, by Mrs. Mathews.
June 28.

River-Farm to Rent.

I AM authorised to rent in divisions, that part of the late General *Washington's* estate called RIVER-FARM. The fertility, to say nothing of the commanding situation of this place, is sufficient to excite the attention of farmers.

WM. H. FOOTE.
July 11. 3taw1m

LANDING,

From the brig Betsey, and for sale by
Lawrason and Fowle,

25 hogsheads retailing MOLASSES.
And in store, just landed,
45,000 wt. PRIME GREEN COFFEE.
June 28. 3wta3.m

YARWOOD'S
Patent Washing Machine.

THE subscriber continues to manufacture *Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine*, which by daily experience proves to answer the intended purpose, and for which the demand is great. He has already disposed of his right to the state of Maryland, and some counties in Virginia, and is willing to dispose of rights for counties in the different states to the southward of the Potomac river, and also for the territory of Louisiana. Masters of vessels will find it particularly useful.

Wm. C. Newton,
Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.
June 22.

A further proof of Yarwood's useful Washing Machine.

We the subscribers have found, on trial, Joseph Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine to answer fully the intended purpose of washing cloaths of every description, and do heredy recommend them to the public as a great saving of soap, labor and cloaths. Given under our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)

Dorothea Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Ann M'Carren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Devon, Rebecca Hattersley, Valinda Brown, Elizabeth Black, Jane B. Swann, H. Dick, Susanna Rounsaville, Elizabeth Wilson, Elizabeth Snyder, Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsenger, Margaret B. Manley, Mary Fendall, Mary Steel, Sarah Fitzhugh, Mary Duffey.

Any person who wishes to purchase ready-made Machines, can be supplied by calling on the subscriber or *John Troup*, who is now manufacturing them on Alfred street, Alexandria.

I wish to employ from 15 to 20 hands who can work at the *Joiners'* business—also I will sell out my *Grocery Store* at the Potomac bridge, if applied to soon; for which I will give a short credit on a part; or I will take plank in part pay. The purchaser can have the store house which is a good stand for business.

WM. C. NEWTON.

SEINE ROPE.

THE subscriber manufactures and has for sale, at his house on Washington-street, opposite *Jacob Hoffman's* sugar refinery, Seine andHauling Ropes, of all sizes; Seine & Sewing Twine; Shad & Herring Twine; Sacking and Bed Cords, Plough Lines & Traces. *Also*, Tarred Rope and other Cords.

Joseph Harper.
February 2.

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLASSES, for sale by
Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.
June 10.

Just Received For Sale by
ROBERT GRAY,
NAUTICAL ALMANAC
FOR THE YEARS 1809 and 10,
With Register Tables.

—ALSO—

A Few Copies of a
French Pronouncing Dictionary
July 14.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Corner of King and Union-streets,
HAS FOR SALE,

2000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, by the bushel and in sacks.
50 barrels Whiskey.
1000 wt. Rhode Island Cheese,
Goshen do. in casks.
5000 wt. best green Coffee, in bags,
1000 do. white do.
French Brandy.
Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island, and New England Rum.
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin Teas, *of the latest importations.*
Sugar, best Muscovado, in hogsheads and barrels,
Do inferior qualities, in do.
Molasses, in hogsheads.
Clover Seed, warranted fresh.
Cotton, in bales and by retail.
Candles, mould and dipped.
Loaf and Lump Sugar.
Spanish Cigars, Hamilton's and Garrett's Snuff, in bottles, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Pepper, Allspice, Chewing Tobacco, Madder, Copperas, Soal Leather, Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &s. &c.

ALSO,

Best Superfine Flour, for private families, a few barrels Corn, and some Seed Oats, Plaister of Paris, &c.
April 17. d

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING and FAIRFAX STREETS,
ALEXANDRIA:
Has received a considerable addition to his Stock,
AND OFFERS FOR SALE,

20 hogsheads, 1st and 2d quality
20 barrels *Muscovado Sugar,*
7000 lb. Green Coffee
3 1-2 tons British Patent Shot, assorted
BB t No. 9.
10 bales Cotton.
10 casks first quality Goshen Cheese.
40 boxes Mould Candles
15 bags clean heavy Pepper.
50 lb Nutmegs.
casks London refined Saltpetre.
5 ditto Irish Glue.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Padre Souchong Teas in quarter chests, boxes and cannisters—most of which are equal in quality to any ever imported.

Madeira, Port, Marsala, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, and Malaga Wines.
A few cases Medoc Claret.
Jamaica, Windward-Island, and Northern Rum.
Cognac, Bordeaux and Pech Brandy.
Holland and Country Gin.
Irish and Country Whiskey.
Six hogsheads Cherry Bounce.
Retailing Molasses, Havanna Honey.
Wine and Cider Vinegar.
Best Florence Oil in bottles and flasks.
Loaf and Lump Sugars, Chocolate, Rice Pearl & Common Barley, Basket Salt, Starch Fig Blue, Indigo, Mace, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento, Race and Ground Ginger, Cayenne Pepper, Capers, Mustard, Raisins, Almonds, Currants, Madder, Allum, Copperas, Roll Brimstone, Chalk, British and Brandywine Gunpowder, Spanish Segars, Cavendish and Small Twist Chewing Tobacco, Leiper's Garrett's, and Hamilton's Snuff, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Playing Cards, Bed Cords Leading Lines, &c. &c.
October 18.

NOTICE.

ELISHA JANNEY having by his indenture duly executed and dated the 29th day of last month, conveyed to the subscriber the whole of his estate real personal & mixed, in trust for the purpose of disposing of the same and applying the proceeds thereof to the payment of his debts—all those indebted to the said *Elisha Janney*, by bond, bill, note, or book account, are hereby requested to settle the same with Mr. *Michael Cleary* and those who have claims against the said Janney, will be pleased to render them within 90 days from this date, to the said Cleary who may be found at the said Janney's counting-room on his wharf, and is duly authorised for that purpose by

Richard M. Scott, *Trustee.*
June 9. 2aw